

New York State EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

Knowledge > Skill > Opportunity

Review of the 2023-24 Executive Budget

Presentation to the Board of Regents February 13, 2023

2023-24 State Aid Overview

Aid Category	Regents Proposal	Executive Budget
Foundation Aid	\$2.709 billion	\$2.735 billion
Expense-Based Aids	\$293 million	\$233 million
Pre-Kindergarten Expansion	\$0	\$100 million
Pre-Kindergarten Inclusivity Grant	\$20 million	\$0
Prior Year Claims Funding	\$375 million	\$0
TOTAL	\$3.4 billion	\$3.1 billion



The 2023-24 Executive Budget:

Funds the third and final year of the full phase-in of the Foundation Aid formula

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Provides a 3% minimum increase for all districts

Fully funds all expense-based aids; does not change current law



2023-24 State Aid – New Grants

\$100 million Universal Prekindergarten allocational expansion

\$25 million in new competitive prekindergarten grants

\$250 million set-aside within Foundation Aid for high impact tutoring

P ED .gov No funds were appropriated for the Department to administer these grants.

The 2023-24 Executive Budget provides funding for the following Regents priorities:

\$18 million for the My Brother's Keeper program;

\$2.5 million for consultants and staff **to redesign the tuition rate-setting methodology** for approved school-age and preschool special education providers; and

\$27.6 million for capital needs at the State Schools for the Blind and Deaf, the Tuscarora Nation, Onondaga Nation School, and St. Regis Mohawk Schools.



Continuation of \$2 million for Enhancing Supports and Services for Postsecondary Success of Students with Disabilities;

\$5.2 million in capital authority to continue systems modernization efforts for the Office of the Professions; and

\$1.75 million in capital authority for the second year of the TEACH modernization project.



Proposed Statutory Changes in the 2023-24 Executive Budget

The 2023-24 Executive Budget would:

- Transfer oversight of licensed health care professions from the Office of the Professions to the Department of Health;
- Eliminate the regional cap on the number of charters that may be issued in New York City and authorize reissuance of charters for schools that subsequently closed; and
- Make permanent the elimination of the 18.4% State share for the maintenance costs of students placed in residential schools outside of New York City - an estimated \$21 million annual cost to school districts.
- Extend, until June 30, 2024, the ability for a retired school employees to be employed by a public school and earn without any effect on their status as retired, impact on their allowance, or waiver needed.



Proposed Statutory Changes in the 2023-24 Executive Budget

- Authorize public accounting firms to incorporate in New York State with minority ownership by individuals who are not Certified Public Accountants and require a \$900 triennial fee to be paid to the Department;
- Authorize New York to join the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact and the Nurse Licensure Compact which allows physicians and nurses to become licensed in multiple states;
- Allow applicants for licensure in a qualified high-need healthcare profession to request the issuance of a temporary practice permit while their licensure application is under review; and
- Propose numerous scope of practice changes for the licensed professions including, for pharmacists and physician assistants.



The Executive Budget proposes the following 2023-24 funding levels for access and opportunity programs:

\$24.2 million for Liberty Partnerships - \$738,000 decrease;

\$46.9 million for the Higher Education Opportunities Program (HEOP) - \$1.4 million decrease;

\$20.9 million for the Science and Technology Entry Program (STEP) - \$636,000 decrease; and

\$15.8 million for the Collegiate Science and Technology Entry Program (CSTEP) - \$482,000 decrease.



High School to College Pathways

- The Regents proposed a \$10.5 million initiative to consolidate the Early College High Schools (ECHS), Pathways in Technology Early College High Schools (P-TECH) and Advanced Course Access (ACA) programs into a new College Credit and Career Opportunity Program with increased flexibility for school districts.
- The 2023-24 Executive Budget proposes \$20 million for PTECH/ECHS, an increase of \$11 million over the \$9 million in 2022-23. Programs focusing on computer science and/or computer hardware and software engineering would be prioritized.
- The 2023-24 Executive Budget also proposes \$10 million in new funding for high school-college workforce transformation grants to implement strategic workforce plans that promote job readiness in their local economies.



Cultural Education

The Executive Budget proposes the following for Cultural Education related programs:

- \$96.1 million for Aid to Public Libraries, a decrease of \$3.5 million;
- \$14 million for Public Library Construction, a decrease of \$20 million (Regents requested \$45 million); and
- \$14 million for Aid to Educational Television and Radio, a decrease of \$7.8 million.



ACCES

For ACCES programs, the 2023-24 Executive proposes:

- Continuation of \$16 million for Independent Living Centers;
- Continuation of \$1 million for Readers Aid; and
- \$7.8 million for adult literacy education aid, a decrease of \$1.5 million from 2022-23.



NYSED Staffing to Support Initiatives and Infrastructure Needs

- For 2023-24, the Department and Regents requested \$16.6 million in new state general funds to support 187 new positions.
- In addition to \$12.9 million in funding and 150 positions for critical agency infrastructure needs, the request included \$3.7 million and 37 staff to support Board of Regents initiatives.
- Other than the 5 staff requested to support tuition rate-setting methodology redesign, there is no funding for additional staff in the 2023-24 Executive Budget.



- \$1 million for the Department to study potential future changes to the Foundation Aid formula;
- Enhancements to textbook, library, software, and hardware aid;
- Aid for districts with large current year increases in enrollment;
- State aid changes to expand access to career and technical education (CTE);
- State aid changes to support school district regionalization efforts;
- \$75 million to repay forgiven late building final cost report and transportation contract penalties authorized in 2022-23;
- \$300 million to pay valid school district claims in the prior year aid claims queue;
- Making bus electrification studies aidable under transportation aid;



- \$1.1 million to support redesigning state-administered prekindergarten programs;
- \$20 million for a preschool inclusivity grant;
- \$570,000 to support standards revision and implementation in health, computer science and the arts;
- \$961,000 to align NYS Learning Standards and practices to the Culturally Responsive and Sustaining Education Framework;
- \$2 million in grant funding to schools to integrate food, nutrition and agriculture education into the regular, standards-based classroom curriculum;
- \$11.1 million increase over 2022-23 levels for the opportunity programs;



- \$5 million to support needed updates to the NYS English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT);
- Tuition rate-setting statutory amendments to require trend factor parity, issuance of interim plus growth rates and tuition reimbursement for adults in student placements;
- \$21 million to support the transition to 100% computer-based testing implementation;
- \$500,000 to continue translating five of the Regents Exams, the Grades 3-8 Math Tests, and the Elementary- and Intermediate-level Science Tests into Arabic, Bengali, and Simplified Chinese;
- \$1.6 million to translate Department documents to communicate crucial information about available education programs and services to parents and students who do not speak English as their primary language;



- \$1.96 million to support essential IT maintenance procurements;
- \$1.5 million to support the successful modernization of the State Education Department Reference File (SEDREF) application;
- \$500,000 to upgrade the Office of School Personnel Review and Accountability (OSPRA) Test Fraud Reporting Portal and Case Tracker;
- \$2 million to operate New York State Summer School of the Arts (NYSSSA) programs and provide summer arts program scholarships;
- \$10.00 fee increase to fully support and fund current operating needs of the Office of Cultural Education by stabilizing the Cultural Education Revenue Account and Local Government Records Management Improvement Fund; and
- Increase in the direct storage fees for State Records Center to reflect actual costs.



Unfunded Mandates in the 2023-24 Executive Budget

- School district annual report to the Department on actual and potential prekindergarten applications;
- School district annual report to the Department on progress in meeting zero emission school bus requirements enacted in 2022-23;
- Five year extension of the current redundant state school transparency report;
- Elimination of funding for the Rochester, Hempstead, Wyandanch and East Ramapo monitors;
- Implementation of \$10 million for new high school-college workforce transformation grants;
- Implementation of \$11 million increase in PTECH/ECHS programs;



Unfunded Mandates in the 2023-24 Executive Budget

- Implementation of a new \$750,000 middle school expanded mathematics access program;
- Implementation of \$100 million Pre-K expansion;
- Implementation of \$25 million Pre-K RFP; and
- Implementation of \$250 million foundation aid high impact tutoring set-aside.



When the enacted budget requires funding to be allocated through a competitive process, the Department must award contracts through a Request For Proposals (RFP) process which provides the rules, requirements and timeframes for such awards.

It usually takes approximately 10 months from the time RFP development starts to contract award.

5 of the 10 months (half of the time) is spent waiting for approvals from external state agencies:

- Approximately 2 months is spent waiting for Division of Budget (DOB) approval to issue the RFP;
- Approximately 2 months is spent waiting for DOB to approve the award list; and
- Approximately 1 month is spent waiting for the Office of the State Comptroller (OSC) to approve the procurement record.





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Questions?